### **Suggested Pedagogical Processes**

## The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/ groups/individually and encouraged to:

- observe and explore the immediate surroundings i.e. home, school and neighbourhood for different objects/plants/animals/birds for their concrete/ simple observable physical features (diversity, appearance, movement, places of living/found, habits, needs, behaviour etc.).
- observe, explore their home/family for the people whom they live with, what works they do, the relations and their physical features and habits and share the experiences in different ways.
- explore the neighbourhood for the means of transport, communication and what works people do.
- observe their home/school kitchen for the food items, vessels, stoves, fuels and cooking processes.
- discuss with elders and find out from where we/birds/animals get water, food (plants/animals, which part of the plant we eat etc.), who works in the kitchen, who eats what, who eats last.
- visit different places in the neighborhood e.g. market to observe the process of buying/selling, journey of a letter from post office to home, local water bodies etc.
- ask/Frame questions and respond to the peers and elders without any fear/hesitation.
- share their experiences/observations through drawing/ symbols /tracing / gestures/ verbally in a few words /simple sentences in their own language.
- compare objects/entities-based on differences/ similarities for observable features and sort them into different categories.
- discuss with the parents/guardians/ grandparents/ elders in the neighbourhood and compare their lives in past with that of now for the things of daily use such as clothes, vessels, works done by people around, games,
- collect and arrange the objects/material such as pebbles, beads, fallen leaves, feathers, pictures, etc. of their finds from their surroundings and arrange in an innovative manner e.g. heaps, pouches/packets,
- critically think to guess/estimate and predict about the happenings, situations, events and the possible ways to check/verify/test them. E.g. which directions (left/right/front/back) to be followed to reach a nearby object/place, which vessel (of same volume) contains more water, how many spoons of water to fill a mug /mugs to fill a bucket etc.
- perform simple activities/experiments to observe/smell /taste /feel /hear using different senses as per their abilities to identify/classify/differentiate between objects/features/entities.
- collect observations/experiences on the experiments/activities and shares that orally /gestures /sketches /tables /writing in simple sentences.

## **Learning Outcomes**

#### The learner:

- identifies simple observable features (e.g.shape, colour, texture, aroma) of leaves, trunkand bark of plants in immediate surroundings.
- identifies simple features (e.g. movement, atplaces found/kept, eating habits, sounds) ofanimals and birds) in the immediatesurroundings.
- identifies relationships with and amongfamily members.
- identifies objects, signs (vessels, stoves, transport, means of communication, transport, signboards etc.), places (types ofhouses/shelters, bus stand, petrol pump etc.)activities (works people do, cookingprocesses, etc.) at home/school/neighbourhood.
- describes need of food for people of differentage groups, animals/birds, availability of foodand water and use of water at home andsurroundings.
- describes roles of family members, familyinfluences (traits/ features /habits / practices),need for living together, through oral/written/other ways.
- groups objects, birds, animals, features, activities according to differences/similarities using different senses. (e.g. appearance/placeof living/ food/ movement/ likes-dislikes/ anyother features) using different senses.)
- differentiates between objects and activities ofpresent and past (at time of the elders). (e.g.clothes /vessels /games played/ work done bypeople).
- identifies directions, location of objects/placesin simple maps (of home/ classroom/ school)using signs/symbols/verbally.
- guesses properties, estimates quantities; ofmaterials/activities in daily life and verifiesusing symbols/non-standard units (hand spans,spoon/mugs, etc.).
- records observations, experiences, informationon objects/activities/places visited in differentways and predicts patterns (e.g. shapes ofmoon, seasons).
- creates drawings, designs, motifs, models, top,front, side views of objects, simple maps (ofclassroom, sections of home/school, etc.) andslogans, poems,

- manipulate local/waste material, fallen dry leaves/flowers, clay, fabrics, pebbles, colours to create/improvise drawings, models, designs, collage etc. For example using clay to make pots/vessels, animals, birds, vehicles, furniture from empty matchboxes, cardboard, etc.
- share experiences of their relationships with pets/domestic animals or other birds animals in surroundings.
- participate actively and undertake initiatives of care, share empathy, leadership by working together in groups e.g. in different indoor/outdoor/local/contemporary activities and games, carry out projects such as taking care of a plant(s), feed birds/animals, things around them.
- question, discuss, critically think and reflect on their experiences related to situations at home, school, neighbourhood for stereotypes/discrimination such as roles of male/female members, access to food, health, going to school, needs of elders and the differently abled etc.
- explore/read pictures, posters, signboards, books, audiovideos, tactile/raised material/newspaper clippings, stories/poems, web resources, documentaries, library and
- use other resources besides textbook.

etc

- observes rules in games (local. indoor,outdoor) and other collective tasks.voices opinion on good/bad touch ,stereotypes for tasks/play/food in family w.r.tgender, misuse/wastage of food and water infamily and school
- shows sensitivity for plants, animals, theelderly, differently abled and diverse familyset ups in surroundings. (For the diversity inappearance, abilities, choices
  likes/dislikes, and access to basic needs such as food, shelter, etc.)

## **Suggested Pedagogical Processes**

# The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/ groups/ individually and encouraged to:

- observe and explore the immediate surroundings i.e. home, school and neighborhood for different objects/flowers/plants/animals/birds for their simple observable physical features (diversity, appearance, movement, places of living, food habits, needs, nesting, group behavior, etc.)
- ask questions and discuss with family members/elders as to why some family members stay together and others are away, interact with relatives, friends etc. who stay at places far off about the houses/ transport and life in their places.
- visit community/ home kitchen/ mandi/ museum/ wildlife sanctuaries/ farms/ natural sources of water/ bridges/ construction sites/ local industries/ distant relatives, friends/places famous for making special things such as paintings, carpets, handicrafts, etc.
- ➤ interact with people (vegetable sellers, flower sellers, beekeepers, gardeners, farmers, drivers, health and defense personnel etc.) and share experiences about their work, their skills / tools used by them.
- discuss with elders, the situations about changes in family with time, roles of different family members, share their experiences and views on stereotypes/discrimination /unfair treatment to people/ animals/birds/plants in their home/school /neighborhood.
- ask/frame questions and reflect on experiences without any fear/hesitation.
- > share their experiences/observations through drawing/symbols/tracing/ gestures/ verbally and writing in some sentences/para in simple language.
- compare objects/entities based on differences/ similarities in the observable features and sorts them into different categories.
- discuss with the parents/guardians/grandparents/elders in the neighborhood and compare the life style of past and present (clothes, vessels, nature of work, games), inclusion of children with special needs.
- collect objects/material from their surroundings such as fallen flowers, roots, spices, seeds, pulses, feathers, newspaper, magazine articles, advertisements, pictures, coins, stamps and arrange them, etc. in an innovative manner.
- perform simple activities/experiments to observe/smell/taste/feel/hear using different senses as per their abilities e.g. to test solubility of different substances in water, separate salt and sugar from water, and observe how fast a piece of wet cloth dries up (in sun, in a room, rolled, flattened, with/without fan) blow hot, blow cold.
- observe and share experiences of the phenomena, happenings, situations in daily life such as how root, flowers grow, lifting of weight with/without pulley etc. and use ways to check/verify/test the observations through simple experiments/activities.

## **Learning Outcomes**

#### The learner:

- identifies simple features (e.g. shape, colour,aroma, where they grow/any other) of flowers,roots and fruits in immediate surroundings.
- identifies different features (beaks/teeth, claws,ears, hair, nests/shelters, etc.) of birds andanimals.
- identifies relationship with and among familymembers in extended family.
- explains the herd/group behaviour in animals(ants, bees, elephants), birds (building nests), changes in family (e.g. due to birth, marriage, transfer, etc.).
- describes different skilled work (farming,construction, art/craft, etc.), their inheritance(from elders) and training (role ofinstitutions) in daily life
- explains the process of producing and procuringdaily needs (e.g. food, water, clothes) i.e. fromsource to home. (e.g. crops from field to mandiand to home, water from local source and waysof its purification at home/ neighbourhood).
- differentiates between objects and activities ofpast and present. (e.g. transport, currency, houses, materials, tools, skillsfarming,construction, etc.)
- groups the animals, birds, plants, objects, wastematerial for observable features. (e.g. onappearance (ears, hair, beaks, teeth, texture ofskin/surface), instincts (domestic/wild, fruit/vegetable/ pulses/ spices and their shelf life)uses (edibility, medicinal, decoration, any other,reuse), traits (smell-taste/, likes, etc.)
- guesses (properties, conditions of phenomena), estimates spatial quantities (distance, weight, time, duration) in standard/local units (kilo,gaj,pav etc.) and verifies using simple tools/set upsto establish relation between cause and effect. .(e.g. evaporation, condensation, dissolution, absorption; for places; near/far, objects; size and growth; shelf life of flower, fruit, vegetables)

- read train/ bus tickets and Time Table, currency notes, directions to locate places on the map, signboards.
- manipulate local /waste material to create/improvise patterns, drawings, models, motifs, collage, poem/story/slogans using variety of material. For example using clay to make pots/vessels, animals birds, vehicles, making train, furniture from empty matchboxes, cardboard, waste material etc.
- participation in different cultural/national/environmental festivals/occasionsorganised in/at home/school/community e.g. morning/special assembly/ exhibition/Diwali, Onam, Earth Day, Id etc. in events of celebrations, dance, drama, theatre, creative writing etc. (e.g. diya/rangoli/kite making/models of buildings/bridges etc.and sharing experiences through stories, poems, slogans, reports about the eventsnarration/creative writing (poem/story) or any other creative tasks.
- explore/read books, newspaper clippings, audio, stories,/poems,pictures/videos/tactile /raised material/web resources/ library and any other resourcesbesides textbooks.
- enquire from parents, teachers, peers and elders at home/community, discuss, critically think and reflect on experiences of children related to situations at home, school, neighbourhood on reuse and reduction of waste, proper use and care of thepublic property, care of different animals, water pollution and wastage, health, andhygiene.
- enquire/care about participation of female members in stereotypical activities forplay/work, limited/restricted access of some children/persons/families (differentlyabled, castes, the aged) to common places/resources, etc.
- participate actively and undertake initiatives of care, share empathy, leadership byworking together in groups e.g. in different indoor/outdoor/local/contemporaryactivities and games, carry out projects/role play for taking care of a plant(s), feedbirds/animals, things/elderly/differently abled around them.

- records her observations/experiences/information for objects, activities,phenomena, places visited (mela, festival,historical place) in different ways and predictspatterns in activities/phenomena.
- identifies signs, location of objects/places andguides for the directions w.r.t a landmark inschool/neighbourhood using maps etc
- uses the information on signboards, posters, currency (notes/coins), railway ticket/time table.
- creates collage, designs, models, rangolis,posters, albums, and simple maps (ofschool/neighbourhood etc.) using local/wastematerial.
- voices opinion on issues observed/ experiencedin family/ school/ neighbourhood e.g. onstereotypes (making choices/ decision making/solving problems), discrimination practices oncaste in use of public places, water,MDM/community eating, child rights(schooling, child abuse, punishment, labour.)
- suggests ways for hygiene, reduce, reuse,recycle and takes care different living beings(plants, animals, and the elderly, differentlyabled people), resources (food, water, andpublic property).

#### **Suggested Pedagogical Processes**

## The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/ groups/individually and encouraged to:

- observe and explore the animals for the unique/unusual sense of sight, smell, hear, sleep, and respond for etc., and their response to light, heat, sound etc.
- explore the sources of water in their neighbourhood, and how fruit, vegetables, grains, water, reach their home and kind of processes/techniques employed to convert grain toflour and flour to Roti, purification of water etc.
- share experiences and discuss about the information collected/places visited withpeers/teachers and elders.
- prepare guide routes to reach from one place to another.
- collect information from pictures / elders/ books/ newspapers/ agazines/web resources/ museums etc. about animals which have very sharp sense of hearing, smell and vision, different landforms such as plain area, hilly area, deserts, etc. and the varieties of florafauna, lives of people in such places.
- discuss with teachers/elders and use pictures, paintings, visit museums and collectinformation related to the lives for food, shelter, availability of water, means oflivelihood, etc., practices, customs, techniques, of different regions and different timeperiods.
- Visit petrol pumps, nature centers, science parks, water treatment plant, bank, healthcentre, wildlife sanctuaries, cooperative, monument, museum etc. and if possible to faroff places with different landforms, lifestyles and livelihoods, etc. to observe andinteract with people living there and share experiences in different ways.
- Observe and share experiences for different phenomena such as how water evaporates, condenses, and dissolves different substances under different conditions, and how food gets spoilt, how seeds germinate and the direction in which roots, shoot grow and conduct simple experiments/activities to find out the same.
- Conduct activities/simple experiments to check the properties/ features of differentobjects/ seeds/ water/waste materials, etc.
- Observe, explore surroundings and critically think how seeds reach from one place toanother, how the plants/trees grow at places where no one plants them e.g. forests, whowaters them and who owns them.
- Visit the night shelters, people living in camps, old age homes, in surroundings and interact with old/differently abled and who change their means of earning to find outwhere do people belong to and why they left their places, where their ancestors hadbeen living for ages, migration of people and debate on various such issues in thesurroundings.
- Enquire from parents, teachers, peers and elders at home/community to critically thinkand discuss to reflect on experiences of children related to situations at home,

### **Learning Outcomes**

#### The learner:

- explains the super senses and unusual features(sight, smell, hear, sleep, sound, etc.) of animalsand their responses to light, sound, food etc.
- explains the use of technology and the processof accessing basic needs (food, water etc.) inour daily life. (e.g. farm produce to kitchen i.e.grains to Roti, preservation techniques, storagetracking of water source)
- describes the interdependence among animals, plants and humans.
  (e.g.communities earninglivelihood from animals, dispersal of seeds etc.).
- explains the role and functions of differentinstitutions in daily life. (Bank, Panchayat,cooperatives, police station, etc.)
- establishes linkages among terrain, climate,resources (food, water, shelter, livelihood) andcultural life. (e.g. life in distant/difficult areaslike hot/cold deserts).
- groups objects, materials, activities forfeatures/properties such as shape, taste, colour, texture, sound, traits etc.
- traces the changes in practices, customs, techniques of past and present through coins, paintings, monuments, museum etc. and interacting with elders. (e.g. cultivation, conservation, festivals, clothes, transport, materials/tools, occupations, buildings/houses, practices like cooking, eating, working)
- guesses (properties, conditions of phenomena), estimates spatial quantities (distance, time, weight etc.) in simple standard units andverifies using simple tools/set ups. (e.g.floating/sinking/ mixing/evaporation/germination /spoilage /breathing /taste)
- bservations/experiences/information inan organised manner (e.g. in tables/sketches/bar graphs/pie charts) and predicts patterns inactivities/phenomena (e.g. floating, sinking, mixing, evaporation, germination, spoilage) toestablish relation between cause and effect.
- identifies signs, directions, location of differentobjects/landmarks of a locality

- school,neighbourhood.
- Discuss freely with peers, teachers and elders about the biases, prejudices, andstereotypes by providing counter examples to one another.
- Visit departments/ bodies in the surroundings e.g. Bank, Jal Board, and Hospital andDisaster management body and interact with related people and interpret differentdocuments related with them.
- Watch videos on different types of landforms and the variety of life forms found in suchplaces, different institutions which cater to the need of societies, behavior of animals,water scarcity, etc. followed by meaningful discussions and debates on occupations thatderive from the peculiar geographical characteristics of different regions
- Perform simple activities, record the observations in the form of table/ sketch/ bar graph/ pie chart/ oral/ written form, etc. interpret and present their findings.
- Discuss issues of living beings (plants and animals) as rightful inhabitants of earth, animal rights and ethical treatment to animals.
- Share experiences of people who work selflessly for common good and what motivatesthem.
- Participate actively and undertake initiatives of care, share empathy, leadership byworking together in groups e.g. in different indoor/outdoor/local/contemporaryactivities, games, dance, fine art, carry out projects/role play for taking care of aplant(s), feed birds/animals, things/elderly/differently abled around them.
- Conduct mock drills for emergency and disaster preparedness.

- /place visited inmaps and predicts directions w.r.t. positions addifferent places for a location.
- creates posters, designs, models, set ups, localdishes, sketches, maps (of neighbourhood/different places visited) using variety oflocal/waste material and writes poems/slogans/travelogue etc.
- voices opinion on issues observed/experiencedand relates practices /happenings to largerissues of society. (E.g. discrimination foraccess/ownership of resources, migration/displacement /exclusion, child rights).
- suggests ways for hygiene, health, managingwaste, disaster/emergency situations andprotecting/saving resources (land, fuels, forests,etc.) and shows sensitivity for thedisadvantaged/deprived.